

# ALLEGATIONS OF ABUSE AGAINST STAFF

Learning Academies Trust

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## CHANGES

Policy date	Summary of change	Author	Version	Review date
December 2023	Policy has been created.	Amy Bosworth HR Business Partner	1.0	December 2024

### 1. BACKGROUND

Safeguarding allegations against members of staff are an extremely serious matter. The Department of Education issues statutory guidance on the subject in its publication [Keeping Children Safe in Education](#), and schools are obliged to have regard to it. Part four: Safeguarding concerns or allegations made about staff, including supply teachers, volunteers and contractors, is particularly relevant.

This policy is in line with the guidance and is designed to ensure that all staff are aware of the correct approach to be taken in such cases. It is not simply a disciplinary matter, other agencies have to become involved, and the primary concern is over the safety and welfare of the child.

Keeping Children Safe in Education provides guidance on all aspects of safeguarding, and this is reflected in the Trust's [Child Protection and Safeguarding Policy](#), which covers such matters as the role of the Designated Safeguarding Lead (DSL), signs of abuse, how to respond if a child reveals that they have suffered abuse at home or elsewhere, and particular risks. This policy only concerns cases where the allegation is against a member of staff (including governors or other volunteers) whenever, in the words of the statutory guidance, they have:

- ❖ Behaved in a way that has harmed a child, or may have harmed a child
- ❖ Possibly committed a criminal offence against or related to a child
- ❖ Behaved towards a child or children in a way that indicates they would pose a risk of harm to children

### 2. PROCEDURE

#### 2.1 Reporting an Allegation

All concerns of this nature **should be reported immediately to the Headteacher**. Complaints about the Headteacher should be reported to the Chair of Governors who will then contact the Local Authority Designated Officer (LADO).

The term “case manager” is used in the statutory guidance to cover both individuals, but in this policy, the word Headteacher is used throughout for convenience.

Staff who are concerned about the behaviour of a colleague towards a pupil are undoubtedly in a difficult situation. They may worry that they have misunderstood the situation or that a report could jeopardise their colleague’s career. It is important to remember that the welfare of the child is paramount. The only proper course is to report their concerns immediately.

If in doubt, the matter could be reported to or raised with the DSL, but they will not be able to treat the matter in confidence and, providing that the allegation is covered by this policy, will also be under an obligation to report the matter to the Headteacher.

Acting quickly is also important. It is in everyone’s interest to resolve allegations as quickly as possible, consistent with a fair and thorough investigation.

The Headteacher will contact the LADO and a discussion may then take place to decide whether an immediate intervention by the Police or Social Care Services is required. If such a strategy discussion is needed, representatives from other agencies, such as health, social care and the police, may be invited. It may also be that no further action is required.

Following consultation with the LADO and these other agencies, and having agreed what information can be disclosed, the Headteacher will make this known to the member of staff. They may, at that stage, decide to suspend them. (See section 4 below).

## 2.2 Investigation

The initial strategy discussion will also consider who is best placed to carry out an investigation. It may be the school, Children’s Social Services, or in more serious cases, the Police. Internal investigations may need to be delayed until an external investigation is complete.

## 2.3 Supporting those involved

Learning Academies Trust will do their best to support the staff member through the process. Once the LADO has been consulted, the staff member will be informed of the allegation as fully as possible, including the next steps. A named representative will be appointed, which may be the DSL, to keep them informed of the process. Individuals should also contact their trade union representative for support.

Parents, carers and guardians should also be told about the allegation as soon as possible if they do not already know of it. Again, this has to follow consultation with the LADO. After that, the Headteacher should keep them informed of the progress of the case as far as possible without breach of confidentiality or compromising any investigation. This may be a Police or Social Services investigation, or an internal disciplinary process.

The role of keeping parents, carers or guardians informed may be delegated to a senior member of staff, and may be the DSL, but the same person will not also act as support to the staff member concerned.

Parents, carers or guardians shall also be made aware that there is a statutory obligation under the [Education Act 2002 \(section 141F\)](#) to maintain confidentiality about any allegations made against teachers whilst investigations are ongoing.

### 3. CONFIDENTIALITY

Learning Academies Trust will make every effort to maintain the confidentiality of all parties at every stage and to avoid publicity. A breach of confidentiality will be taken seriously and may warrant its own investigation.

The [Education Act 2002](#) prohibits the publication of any material which may identify a teacher accused of harming a pupil, which includes any speech and social media.

The Headteacher will therefore liaise with the LADO and other relevant agencies as to the information that can be released as appropriate.

### 4. SUSPENSION

Suspension is a serious step, especially in such circumstances and will not be done automatically. All options to avoid suspension will be considered and it is only appropriate where there is cause to suspect that a child is at risk of harm. Further guidance is provided in [Keeping Children Safe in Education](#).

If suspension cannot be avoided, the employee will receive written confirmation within three working days and will be informed of the reason for the suspension.

Suspension is not considered a disciplinary sanction and is often referred to as a neutral act. Suspension is always on normal contractual pay.

### 5. RESIGNATION AND SETTLEMENT PROCEDURES

If an employee resigns or offers to resign during an investigation, the investigation will continue until an outcome has been reached, with or without the employee's cooperation. They will still be given a full opportunity to respond to the allegation. Settlement agreements, by which a person agrees to resign if the employer agrees not to pursue disciplinary action, should not be used in such circumstances.

### 6. OUTCOMES

The following definitions are used for the outcome of safeguarding investigations:

- ❖ Substantiated: there is sufficient evidence to prove the allegation.
- ❖ Malicious: there is sufficient evidence to disprove the allegation and there has been a deliberate act to deceive.
- ❖ False: there is sufficient evidence to disprove the allegation
- ❖ Unsubstantiated: there is insufficient evidence to either prove or disprove the allegation. The term, therefore, does not imply guilt or innocence.

The school is not bound by the conclusions of other agencies but in practice, is likely to form the same view on the evidence available. If there is a prior investigation by the Police or another agency, which concludes that an allegation is substantiated, this is a strong indication that an offence of gross misconduct has been committed and hence, that a disciplinary hearing is required. In the case of an unsubstantiated allegation, the school will have to consider carefully whether disciplinary proceedings are appropriate on the evidence available. Volunteers and self-employed staff are not however covered by the school's disciplinary policy.

If the allegation is upheld and the member of staff is dismissed or leaves for whatever reason, the school will consider with support from the LADO, whether to make a DBS referral. There is a legal obligation to

make a DBS referral when satisfied that an individual has engaged in conduct which has harmed or was likely to harm a child, or if they otherwise pose a risk of harm to a child.

If it is decided that the employee may return to school after a suspension, the Learning Academies Trust will take steps to make the transition as smooth as possible. This may involve a phased return, a trial period, or the use of another member of staff to provide support. If the child who made the allegation is still at the school, we will consider what needs to be done to manage the contact between the employee and the child.

Where an allegation is proved to be false, the Headteacher and Chair of Governors may refer to Social Services to determine whether the child is in need of any support or has been abused by someone else.

The school's behaviour policy sets out the disciplinary action that may be taken against pupils who are found to have made malicious accusations against our staff.

## 7. RECORD KEEPING

In each case, the employee will be notified of the outcome in writing. Where an allegation is found to be false, malicious or unsubstantiated, it will be removed from their personnel record. Otherwise, records of allegations will be retained (even after they leave the school) until they reach normal pension age or for a period of 10 years from the date of the allegation, whichever is the longer.

Details of any allegation made by a pupil will be kept in the confidential section of their record.

In responding to any request for a reference, only substantiated allegations will be mentioned.

## 8. AFTER THE CASE

Regardless of the outcome, the Learning Academies Trust will review the case details to see what improvements can be made to their practice or policy for the future.